## #bioeconomystrategies CIRCULAR REGIONS



6 Regions, 1 Goal: Advancing Europe's Bioeconomy Together

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### Northern Sweden

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### The Region of Northern Sweden





- 97% of the productive land area is covered with forest
- Long history of forestry
- In this region lives less than 1 million people
- Composed of four administrative counties

### Towards a biobased economy on Northern Sweden

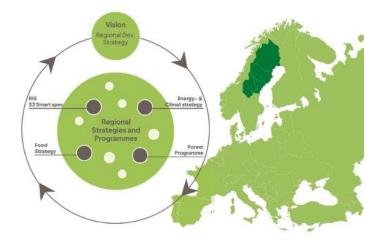


### Vision and overall goal

- European policies and legislation
- Aligning with broader national policies and the proposed Swedish Bioeconomy Strategy
- The bioeconomy-related strategies of the four northern regions



 By 2040, Sweden will have a more resource-efficient, resilient, and competitive bioeconomy throughout the country



# Northern Sweden's blueprint is in line with the proposedSwedish Bioeconomy StrategyKeyRobust valueBioeconomy StrategyBioeconomy StrategyBioeconomy

Promote Sustainable Growth	Climate Benefits of the Bioeconomy	Promote national resilience and reduce vulnerability
the focus lies on enhancing resource efficiency, offering new employment opportunities and support regional development	replacing fossil-based resources with sustainable alternatives to address climate challenges	particularly by increasing domestic raw material supply

The vision of the Blueprint of Northern Sweden:

By 2040, northern Sweden will have a resource-efficient, resilient, and competitive bioeconomy.

	Kev	Moderate	Challenges
	Strengths	Scoring	
Implementation & Finance	Robust value chains and diversified biobased markets.	Education & human capital development.	Innovation potential remains underdeveloped.
	Strong SME landscape and birthrate.	Local biomass availability.	Market accessibility for new actors can be limited.
	Public funding for bioeconomy development.	Market accessibility (not logistically).	
	Favourable conditions for private investments.		
	Sustainably managed land and water ecosystems.		
Rule-Setting	Integrated bioeconomy policy framework.	Integration of regulations with other policy priorities.	EU laws create obstacles.
	Full transposition of EU laws.	Policy regulations for bioeconomy.	Policy is inconsistent.
	Supportive tariffs, taxes, and subsidies.		Public procurement for bio-based products (BBPs).
			Use of trade policies for bioeconomy development.
Information sharing	Monitoring and reporting mechanisms are in place.	Multi-level collaboration.	Public support and acceptance.
	Certification and sustainability labels.	Collaboration between actor groups.	Limited interregional collaboration.

### Identification of seven Key Action Areas

#### Improve access to financing

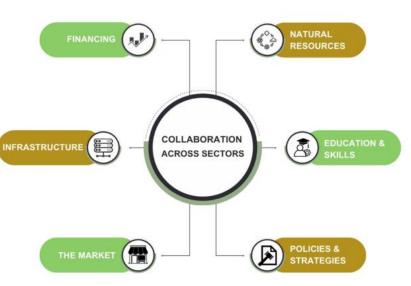
- · Collaboration with traditional industries
- · Simplify application processes for SMEs and start-ups
- Support early investments and demonstration projects

#### Develop infrastructure for bio-based products

- · Energy: Stable and cost-effective renewable energy
- Transport & logistics: Improved infrastructure and forest extraction
- Digitalization & AI: Optimization of resources and circular processes
- R&D infrastructure: Test beds and demonstration facilities

#### Strengthen product development & market trust

- Adapt products to market needs
- · Certifications & environmental declarations for credibility



#### Sustainable use of natural resources

- Resource efficiency in the forest industry
- Circular economy and upgrading of residual products

#### Promote education & skills development

- · Educational initiatives for bioeconomy and sustainability
- Attractive communities for skills supply

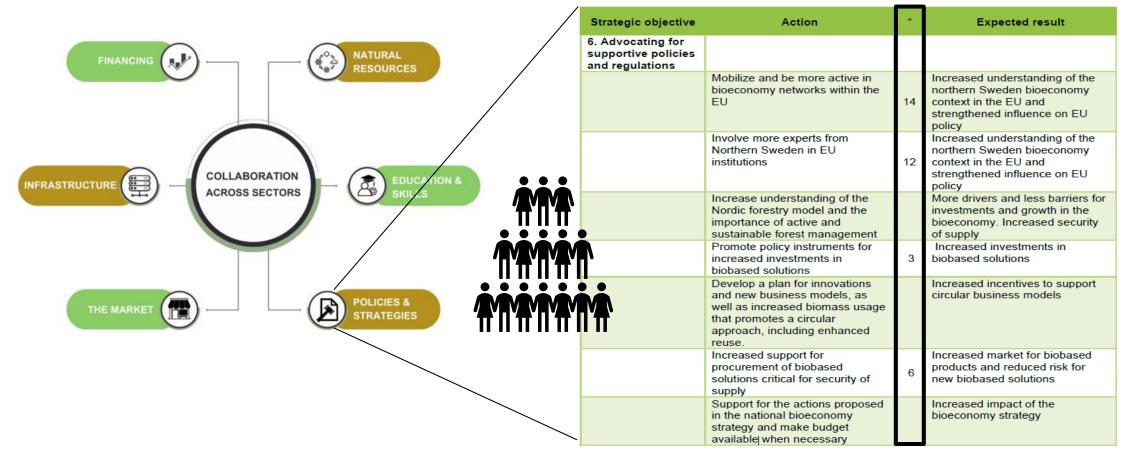
#### Influence policy & regulations

- Active participation in European bioeconomy networks
- Policy support for investments & public procurement

#### Strengthening collaboration between sectors

- Coordination at municipal, regional, and national levels
- Partnerships between academia, industry, and policymakers
- Knowledge sharing and innovation clusters/hubs

### Best practice or interesting insight



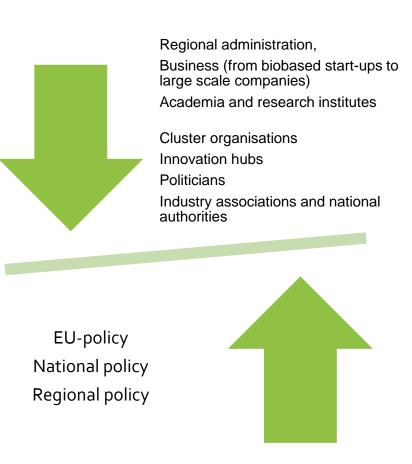
### **Challenges faced**

### NATIONAL STRATEGIES WITH BIOECONOMY CONTENT

- Sweden's Climate Act and Climate Policy Framework
- Policies for decarbonising the heating and the transport sector:
- National Forest Program
- National Food Strategy
- National Circular Strategy
- Strategy for Swedish Fishing and Aquaculture
- Strategy for Sustainable Tourism

### REGIONAL STRATEGIES WITH BIOECONOMY CONTENT

- Regional development strategy regional
- Forest program based on the national strategy
- · Regional food strategy based on the national strategy
- Smart specialization
- Energy & climate strategy



# Future applications and recommendations

### **FUTURE APPLICATIONS**

A strategic framework for northern Sweden's transition to a competitive, sustainable and resilient bioeconomy Identifies focus areas and proposals for actions and target fulfillment

### What can it be used for?

Work towards a common vision for northern Sweden in line with the national bioeconomy report

### Who is it aimed at?

Mainly to the four northernmost regions All actors involved in bioeconomy development

### What is it not?

Not a policy document



### RECOMMENDATIONS

Facilitate a coordinated strategy update following the approval of a National Bioeconomy Strategy.

To promote synergies between the regions and national level

A starting point for joint proposals of several stakeholders in northern Sweden.

Use available regional bioeconomy statistics to measure the development of the Bioeconomy.

BIOECONOMY – REGIONAL STATISTICS In collaboration with Statistics Sweden

- Updated and refined time series 2008-2021 for all 21 Swedish regions
- Interactive web page
- Bioeconomic activity, employment and CO<sup>2</sup> emissions for 19 sectors
- Important tool to follow up and boost bioeconomy development in each region

	Lān	Andel FV 2021	FV BIO 2021 (Mnkr)
		*	
	Värmlands län	15,7	18 706
5	Kalmar län	15,3	15 255
)	Jämtlands län	14,8	8 216
3	Västernorrlands län	14,3	16 253
12 and and	Hallands län	13,2	18 339
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	Dalarnas län	11,1	13 566
and a second	Gotlands län	11,0	2 508
	Västerbottens län	10,4	13 443
	Jönköpings län	9,8	16 934
T.	Norrbottens län	9,7	15 716
	Blekinge län	9,5	6 549
Un.	Kronobergs län	8,9	9 078
1.1	Skåne län	8,3	52 044
AND IN	Örebro län	8,2	11 451
3	Uppsala län	7,8	14 818
. C	Östergötlands län	7,7	16 707
18	Södermanlands län	6,3	7 175
7	Västra Götalands län	6,0	54 054
	Västmanlands län	5,2	5 965
	Totalt	7,1	388 479

### Thanks for the attention!

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